

THE EXTRAORDINARY *NEW YORK TIMES* #1 BESTSELLER

# THE BOOK THIEF

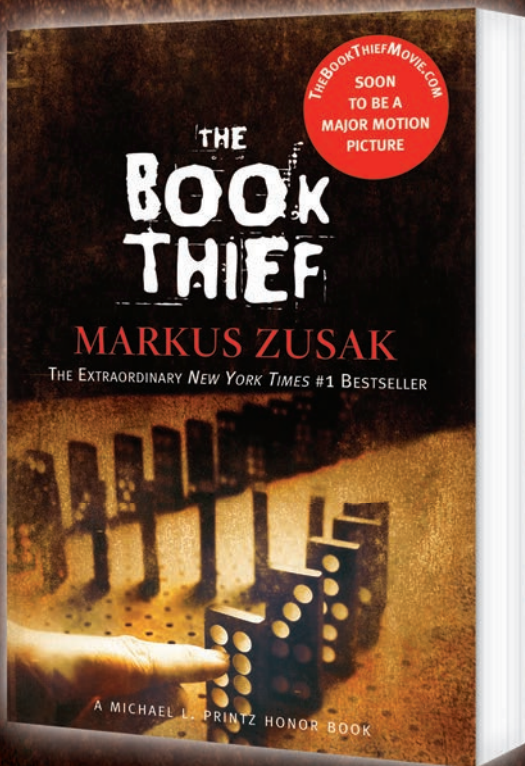
MARKUS ZUSAK  
READING GROUP GUIDE



MarkusZusak.com

Includes Common Core State Standards Correlations

# ABOUT THE BOOK



Liesel Meminger is only nine years old when she is taken to live with the Hubermanns, a foster family, on Himmel Street in Molching, Germany, in the late 1930s. She arrives with few possessions, but among them is *The Grave Digger's Handbook*, a book that she stole from her brother's burial place. During the years that Liesel lives with the Hubermanns, Hitler becomes more powerful, life on Himmel Street becomes more fearful, and Liesel becomes a full-fledged book thief. She rescues books from Nazi book-burnings and steals from the library of the mayor. Liesel is illiterate when she steals her first book, but Hans Hubermann uses her prized books to teach her to read. This is a story of courage, friendship, love, survival, death, and grief. This is Liesel's life on Himmel Street, told from Death's point of view.

Grades 7 up

PB • 978-0-375-84220-7

Movie Tie-In PB: 978-0-385-75472-9

HC • 978-0-375-83100-3

GLB • 978-0-375-93100-0

EL: 978-0-307-43384-8

Unabridged CD • 978-0-7393-3727-1

 This book has been selected as a Common Core State Standards Text Exemplar for Grades 9–10, Stories in Appendix B.

## PRAISE FOR THE BOOK THIEF

“Brilliant and hugely ambitious. . . .

It's the kind of book that can be **life changing**.”


—THE NEW YORK TIMES

“*The Book Thief* deserves a place on the same shelf with *The Diary of a Young Girl* by Anne Frank and Elie Wiesel's *Night*. It seems **poised to become a classic**.”—USA TODAY

# DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

- Discuss the symbolism of Death as the omniscient narrator of the novel. What are Death's feelings for each victim? Describe Death's attempt to resist Liesel. Death states, "I'm always finding humans at their best and worst. I see their ugly and their beauty, and I wonder how the same thing can be both." (p. 491) What is ugly and beautiful about Liesel, Rosa, and Hans Hubermann, Max Vandenburg, Rudy Steiner, and Mrs. Hermann? Why is Death haunted by humans?
- What is ironic about Liesel's obsession with stealing books? Discuss other uses of irony in the novel.
- *The Grave Digger's Handbook* is the first book Liesel steals. Why did she take the book? What is significant about the titles of the books she steals? Discuss why she hides *The Grave Digger's Handbook* under her mattress. Describe Hans Hubermann's reaction when he discovers the book. What does the act of book thievery teach Liesel about life and death? Explain Rudy's reaction when he discovers that Liesel is a book thief. How does stealing books from the mayor's house lead to a friendship with the mayor's wife? Explain how Liesel's own attempt to write a book saves her life.
- Liesel believes that Hans Hubermann's eyes show kindness, and from the beginning she feels closer to him than to Rosa Hubermann. How does Hans gain Liesel's love and trust? Debate whether Liesel is a substitute for Hans's children, who have strayed from the family. Why is it so difficult for Rosa to demonstrate the same warmth toward Liesel? Discuss how Liesel's relationship with Rosa changes by the end of the novel.
- Abandonment is a central theme in the novel. The reader knows that Liesel feels abandoned by her mother and by the death of her brother. How does she equate love with abandonment? At what point does she understand why she was abandoned by her mother? Who else abandons Liesel in the novel? Debate whether she was abandoned by circumstance or by the heart.
- Guilt is another recurring theme in the novel. Hans Hubermann's life was spared in France during World War I, and Erik Vandenburg's life was taken. Explain why Hans feels guilty about Erik's death. Guilt is a powerful emotion that may cause a person to become unhappy and despondent. Discuss how Hans channels his guilt into helping others. Explain Max Vandenburg's thought, "Living was living. The price was guilt and shame." (p. 208) Why does he feel guilt and shame?

- Compare and contrast the lives of Liesel and Max Vandenburg. How does Max’s life give Liesel purpose? At what point do Liesel and Max become friends? Max gives Liesel a story called “The Standover Man” for her birthday. What is the significance of this story?
- Death says that Liesel was a girl “with a mountain to climb.” (p. 86) What is her mountain? Who are her climbing partners? What is her greatest obstacle? At what point does she reach the summit of her mountain? Describe her descent. What does she discover at the foot of her mountain?
- Hans Junior, a Nazi soldier, calls his dad a coward because he doesn’t belong to the Nazi Party. He feels that you are either for Hitler or against him. How does it take courage to oppose Hitler? There isn’t one coward in the Hubermann household. Discuss how they demonstrate courage throughout the novel.
- Describe Liesel’s friendship with Rudy. How does their friendship change and grow throughout the novel? Death says that Rudy doesn’t offer his friendship “for free.” (p. 51) What does Rudy want from Liesel? Discuss Death’s statement, “The only thing worse than a boy who hates you [is] a boy who loves you.” (p. 52) Why is it difficult for Liesel to love Rudy? Discuss why Liesel tells Mr. Steiner that she kissed Rudy’s dead body.
- How does Zusak use the literary device of foreshadowing to pull the reader into the story?
- Liesel Meminger lived to be an old woman. Death says that he would like to tell the book thief about beauty and brutality, but those are things that she had lived. How does her life represent beauty in the wake of brutality? Discuss how Zusak’s poetic writing style enhances the beauty of Liesel’s story.


 The above discussion questions correlate to Common Core Language Arts Standards: Reading: Literature: Key Ideas & Details RL.7-9.1, 7-9.2, 7-9.3; Craft & Structure RL.7-9.4, 7-9.5, 7-9.6; Speaking & Listening: Comprehension & Collaboration SL. 7-9.1, 7-9.3; Presentation of Knowledge & Ideas SL.7-9.4.

 **“An achievement.”**

—PUBLISHERS WEEKLY, Starred

# ACTIVITIES


- Take a virtual field trip of Dachau, the first Nazi Concentration Camp on the following website: [KZ-Gedenkstaette-Dachau.de/index-e.html](http://KZ-Gedenkstaette-Dachau.de/index-e.html). Then have students find a poem that expresses their feelings at the end of the tour. Have them write a paper that draws a parallel between the poem and the concentration camp. Encourage peer editing for clarity, spelling, and grammar.

 Correlates to Common Core Language Arts Standards: History/Social Studies: Key Ideas & Details RH. 6-10.1, 6-10.2; Writing: Text Types & Purposes W. 7-9.2.


- Write a letter that Liesel Meminger might write to her grandchildren that tells them about the kindness of Hans Hubermann.

 Correlates to Common Core Language Arts Standards: Writing: Text Types & Purposes W. 7-9.3.

- The International Charter of Human Rights, chaired by Eleanor Roosevelt, was formed under the United Nations Charter. Guided by her leadership, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted by the United Nations on December 10, 1948. Ask students to read about Eleanor Roosevelt and write a front-page story for a national newspaper on the day she was chosen for this post. Remember to include who, what, when, and how.

 Correlates to Common Core Language Arts Standards: Writing: Text Types & Purposes W. 7-9.2; Production & distribution of Writing W. 7-9.5; Research to Build & Present Knowledge W. 7-9.7.

- There are 30 articles to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Ask each student to select one of the articles to study. Then have them use pictures from magazines, newspapers, and the Internet to make a collage that best conveys the meaning of the article.

 Correlates to Common Core Language Arts Standards: History/Social Studies: Integration of Knowledge & Ideas RH. 6-9.7.

- Kristallnacht (the night of broken glass) took place in November of 1938 in Germany. Have students use books in the library or sites on the Internet to find out more about this night. Ask students to write a paper called “Kristallnacht: A Violation of Human Rights.”
  - Ⓢ Correlates to Common Core Language Arts Standards: Writing: Text Types & Purposes W. 7-9.2; Research to Build & Present Knowledge W. 7-9.7, 7-9.8, 7-9.9.
- Sponsor a class debate called “Genocide in the 21st Century: The Role of the United States or the United Nations.” Have each side use at least five sources to support their argument. Cite and annotate the sources.
  - Ⓢ Correlates to Common Core Language Arts Standards: Writing: Research to Build & Present Knowledge W. 7-9.7, 7-9.8, 7-9.9; Speaking & Listening: Presentation of Knowledge & Ideas SL. 7-9.4; History/Social Studies: Key Ideas & Details RH. 6-10.1, 6-10.2.
- Schedule a class viewing of *The Book Thief* movie. The novel is narrated by Death. How is the voice of Death portrayed in the movie? Explain how the background music contributes to the grave tone of the novel and movie. At what points in the movie does the music crescendo? Debate whether the setting and the actors in the movie accurately depict the setting and characters in the novel. Then have students write a paper that compares the novel and the movie.
  - Ⓢ Correlates to Common Core Standards Reading Literature - Integration of Knowledge and Ideas RL. 8-10.7; Writing - Text Types & Purposes 9-10.1; Production & Distribution of Writing W. 8-10.4; Speaking & Listening - Comprehension & Collaboration SL. 8-10.2

★ “Beautiful and important.”

—KIRKUS REVIEWS, Starred

# A CONVERSATION WITH MARKUS ZUSAK

**Q:** What inspired you to write about a hungry, illiterate girl who has such a desire to read that she steals books?

**A:** I think it's just working on a book over and over again. I heard stories of cities on fire, teenagers who were whipped for giving starving Jewish people bread on their way to concentration camps, and people huddled in bomb shelters. . . . But I also had a story about a book thief set in my hometown of Sydney. I just brought the two ideas together and realized the importance of words in Nazi Germany. I thought of Hitler destroying people with words, and now I had a girl who was stealing them back, as she read books with the young Jewish man in her basement and calmed people down in the bomb shelters. She writes her own story—and it's a beautiful story—through the ugliness of the world that surrounds her.

**Q:** How did you decide to make Death the narrator of the book?

**A:** With great difficulty! I thought, “Here’s a book set during war. Everyone says war and death are best friends.” Death is ever-present during war, so here was the perfect choice to narrate *The Book Thief*. At first, though, Death was too mean. He was supercilious, and enjoying his work too much. He’d say extremely creepy things and delight in all the souls he was picking up . . . and the book wasn’t working. So I went to a first-person narration, a simple third-person narration . . . and six months later I came back to Death—but this time, Death was to be exhausted from his eternal existence and his job. He was to be afraid of humans—because, after all, he was there to see the obliteration we’ve perpetrated on each other throughout the ages—and he would now be telling this story to prove to himself that humans are actually worth it.

**Q:** Liesel has an uncanny understanding of people and an ability to befriend those who most need companionship. Who do you think is Liesel’s most unforgettable friend?

**A:** For me it’s Rudy, but a lot of people will tell me it’s Hans Hubermann, Max, the mayor’s wife, or even Rosa Hubermann. Rudy is just my favorite character. From the moment he painted himself black and became Jesse Owens, he was

my favorite. Liesel kissing his dusty, bomb-hit lips was probably the most devastating part of the book for me to write. . . . I was a mess.

On the other hand, I'm also drawn to all of the relationships Liesel forms, even her reading with Frau Holtzapfel, and the return of her son. Even Ludwig Schmeikl—the boy she beats up on the playground and reconciles with at the book burning . . . I think the relationship with Rosa is the most unexpected, though. The moment when she sees Rosa with the accordion strapped to her (when Hans is sent to the war) is when she realizes exactly how much love her foster mother is capable of.

**Q:** Your use of figurative language seems natural and effortless. Is this something that you have to work to develop, or is it innately a part of your writing style?

**A:** I like the idea that every page in every book can have a gem on it. It's probably what I love most about writing—that words can be used in a way that's like a child playing in a sandpit, rearranging things, swapping them around. They're the best moments in a day of writing—when an image appears that you didn't know would be there when you started work in the morning.

At other stages, it takes time. It took three years to write this book, and some images remained from start to finish, but others were considered and reconsidered dozens of times, if not more. Often, to keep the workday flowing, I'll continue writing the story and then come back later to develop an image that hasn't worked from the outset. I might even take it out completely.

## ABOUT THE AUTHOR



**Markus Zusak** has asserted himself as one of today's most innovative and poetic novelists. With the publication of *The Book Thief*, he is now being dubbed a “literary phenomenon” by Australian and U.S. critics. Zusak is the award-winning author of four previous books: *The Underdog*, *Fighting Ruben Wolfe*, *Getting the Girl*, and *I Am the Messenger*, recipient of a Michael L. Printz Honor. He lives in Sydney, Australia.

For more information on the author, visit

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